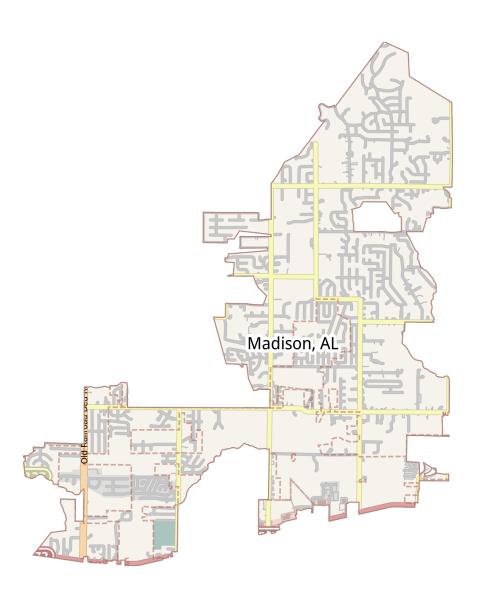
# Ethnoscape Zipcode Profile for 35757 in Madison, AL



In partnership with:





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# RACE & ETHNICITY BACKGROUNDS



ASIAN AMERICANS

All Asian ethnic backgrounds such as Chinese, Indian, Persian, Iraqi, Nepali, etc.

Population: 235



MULTI-RACIAL AMERICANS

All multi-racial families that include two or more racial backgrounds

Population: 523



**BLACK AMERICANS** 

All African-Americans and racially black African immigrants

Population: 2,857



**PACIFIC AMERICANS** 

All Hawaiian and Pacific Islanders are included

Population: 7



#### **HISPANIC AMERICANS**

All Hispanics or Latinos from all country of origins including all racial backgrounds

Population: 616



WHITE AMERICANS

All White or Caucasian people mostly from European backgrounds

Population: 8,485



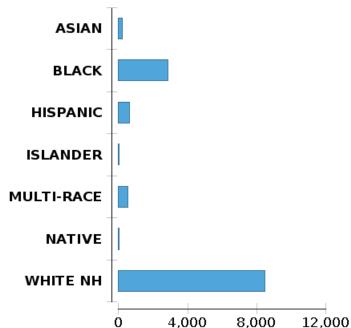
#### **NATIVE AMERICANS**

All Native American tribes are included, including those living on native lands

Population: 30



# Population by Race & Ethnicity



### ISSUES FOR CONSIDERATION

The racial and ethnic information shown provide a window into the type of people that live in this location. As you consider this information, the following questions may need to be addressed:

- 1. What is the dominant racial or ethnic categories that needs to be reached?
- 2. To your knowledge, are there existing ministries that are effectively reaching each of these groups?
- 3. Are there groups that are not being reached effectively?
- 4. What can you do to connect with these groups in order to reach them?

# **RACIAL & ETHNIC AGE GROUPS**

#### ISSUES FOR CONSIDERATION

The racial/ethnic groups in this zip code may span across several generations and age groupings. In the table below you will find the population counts by age group and race/ethnicity. The "White NH" represents those who are white (or caucasian) and are non-Hispanic. As you consider the racial/ethnic make up of these age groups you will want to consider several issues:

- 1. What are the largest age groups within each race/ethnicity? Are they the same? Are they different?
- 2. Compare the racial/ethnic concentration of pre-schoolers (under age 5 years) with the racial/ethnic concentration of those in the older age groups. Are they distributed across the racial/ethnic groups in the same way, or is there a difference? What does this tell you about changes in the racial/ethnic profile of this area over time? Reflect on the ministries that are reaching pre-schoolers in this area. Are each of the racial/ethnic groups being adequately reached? Which pre-school groups are likely underreached? What can be done to be more effective in reaching them?
- 3. In the same way as #2 above, compare the racial/ethnic concentrations of the school-aged youth.
- 4. Review the number of 18-24 year olds in the area within each racial/ethnic group. How well are the churches penetrating this key group? Which groups are underreached and underserved?
- 5. Evaluate the number of Senior Adults noted by the following age groups: 55-64 years (Maturing Adults); 65-84 years (Aging Adults); and 85+ (Elderly Adults). What types of Senior Adult ministries are needed to reach the seniors within the various ethnic groups?
- 6. Review the number of 25-34 year olds (Young Adults) and the number of 35-54 year olds (Middle-aged Adults) within each racial/ethnic group. How well are the churches in the area penetrating these adults? Which groups are underreached and underserved?



AGE GROUPS	ASIAN	BLACK	HISPANIC	ISLANDER	MULTI-RACE	NATIVE	WHITE NH
0-5 yrs	23	123	66	0	50	0	511
05-17 yrs	51	593	208	7	179	8	1,558
18-24 yrs	12	162	85	0	64	0	812
25-34 yrs	32	524	82	0	81	6	1,080
35-54 yrs	71	958	166	0	97	8	2,903
55-64 yrs	36	340	5	0	47	5	844
65-84 yrs	9	151	3	0	6	3	682
85+ yrs	0	6	0	0	0	0	94

# CITIZENSHIP STATUS OF FOREIGN BORN BY RACE/ETHNICITY

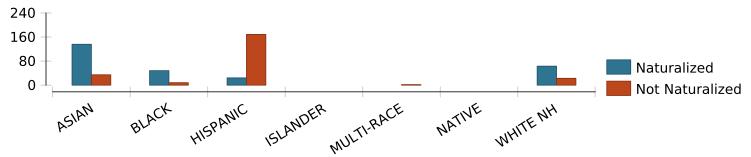
### **ISSUES FOR CONSIDERATION**

The information on this page annotates the citizenship status of the foreign born in this area by race / ethnicity for both children under age 18 and adults over age 18. This information does not give the countries of origin because that will be discussed later in the report.

Some foreign born have completed the naturalization process and others have not. Naturalization is the process by which US citizenship is granted to a foreign citizen or national after he or she fulfills the requirements established by Congress. Large number of unnaturalized people in a racial category indicates that likely a significant percentage are likely to be fairly recent immigrants. As you review the table below, you may want to consider the following questions:

- 1. Review the numbers of foreign born children who have not been naturalized. Consider their potential needs growing up in a foreign environment. What issues do they and their families face that create opportunities for your church to minister?
- 2. Review the numbers of foreign born adults who have not been naturalized. Compare the numbers from each of the racial / ethnic categories. Which categories provide the most ministry opportunities?





CITIZENSHIP	ASIAN	BLACK	HISPANIC	ISLANDER	MULTI-RACE	NATIVE	WHITE NH
0-18 FB Naturalized	31	0	3	0	0	0	13
0-18 FB Not Naturalized	0	0	24	0	0	0	0
18+ FB Naturalized	104	48	21	0	0	0	50
18+ FB Not Naturalized	35	8	145	0	2	0	23

# LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME (POP AGE 5+) & ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH FOR THE FOREIGN BORN BY RACE/ETHNICITY

#### ISSUES FOR CONSIDERATION

This page does not list the specific languages other than English that are spoken by the foreign born who live in this zip code because that will be listed later in the report. However, this page addresses how well the foreign born age 5 and over speak English. By evaluating this information, you will be able to discern categories of foreign born people for whom English as a Second Language instruction may be appropriate. In addition, if there are large numbers of English speaking foreign born people in the area there may be a need for an English-speaking International church. As you consider the table below, you may want to consider these questions:

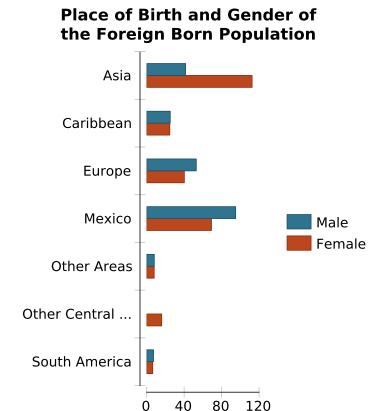
- 1. Which racial/ethnic groups have larger number of foreign born immigrants who do not speak English well? Are there enough numbers to start English as a Second Language classes (specific language use will be discussed later in the report)?
- 2. Are there large numbers of English speaking foreign born immigrants? If they were attend existing churches would they feel comfortable culturally? If an international church does not exist, should one be started?



Race/Ethnicity	Speak Only English	Speak Other Lang: English Not Well	Speak Other Lang: English Well	
ASIAN	72	29	69	171
BLACK	48	0	8	57
HISPANIC	56	59	78	193
ISLANDER	0	0	0	0
MULTI-RACE	2	0	0	2
NATIVE	0	0	0	0
WHITE NH	51	0	35	86

# REGION OF BIRTH FOR THE FOREIGN BORN BY GENDER AND YEAR OF ENTRY





#### **ISSUES FOR CONSIDERATION**

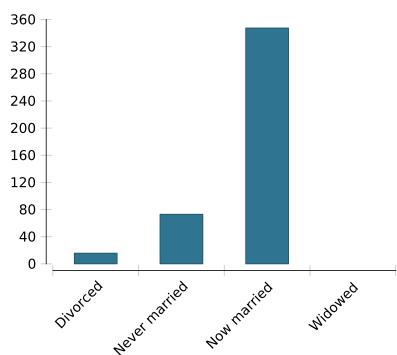
The foreign born population migrate to the United States from every part of the globe. Some come in pursuit of education, some for economic opportunities, and others because of political unrest in their home countries. Men come more predominantly from some countries, while more women come from others. Some immigrants came before 1980, some during the 1980s, 1990s, 2000s, or more recently since 2010. The longer the immigrants are here the more they are influenced by the cultures arround them -- often changing and adapting to their new surroundings. Looking at the chart above and the table below, do you have more recent immigrants or those who have been here a long time? Are there more men or women?

Region	Entered before 1980	Entered 1980 to 1989	Entered 1990 to 1999	Entered 2000 or later	Total Foreign Born
Asia	44	43	40	27	154
Caribbean	46	0	4	0	50
Europe	39	19	6	29	93
Mexico	0	5	33	127	164
Other Central America	0	0	7	9	16
Other areas	6	6	0	5	16
South America	0	0	1	12	14

# MARITAL STATUS BY RACE/ETHNICITY & FOREIGN BORN STATUS



# Marital Status of the Foreign Born Population



### **ISSUES FOR CONSIDERATION**

Great differences in marital status exists between the racial/ethnic groups and the foreign born populations. The chart above and the table below are based on the number of men and women ages 16+ in this zip code who are either divorced, never married, widowed, or now married. The chart above reflects all of the foreign born population. The table below includes everyone over age 16 by race/ethnicity category. The White NH refers to Non-Hispanic Whites. You may want to consider:

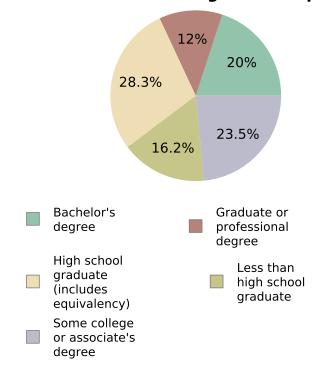
- 1. How does the non-married marital status affect the family structure of racial, ethnic and foreign-born groups?
- 2. What cultural similarities and differences are there among the families of the racial, ethnic and foreign-born groups?

Race/Ethnicity	Never married	Now married	Divorced	Widowed	Total
ASIAN	40	124	6	0	170
BLACK	677	1,232	262	66	2,236
HISPANIC	135	229	19	3	387
ISLANDER	0	0	0	0	0
MULTI-RACE	148	109	53	5	314
NATIVE	1	16	1	3	22
WHITE NH	1,782	4,169	548	324	6,823
TOTAL	2,783	5,879	888	401	9,951

# **EDUCATION BY RACE/ETHNICITY & FOREIGN BORN STATUS**



# **Education of the Foreign Born Population**



### **ISSUES FOR CONSIDERATION**

Educational achievement differs among the racial, ethnic and foreign-born groups in the zip code. The pie chart above gives a glimpse into the different educational levels of the foreign born age 25 and over. The table below indicates the level of educational achievement among the racial/ethnic groups. As you review the information you may want to consider:

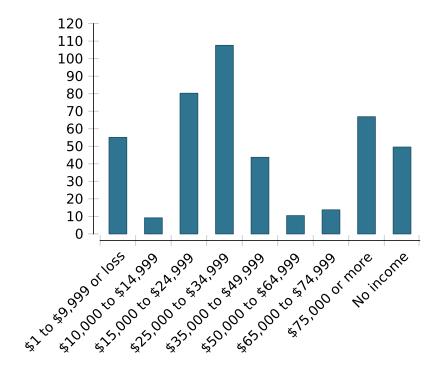
- 1. What educational differences are there between the different racial/ethnic groups?
- 2. How do the educational differences impact missional approaches to evangelism and discipleship?

Race/Ethnicity	Less than high school diploma	High school graduate, GED, or alternative	Some college or associate's degree	Bachelor's degree or higher
ASIAN	14	29	49	57
BLACK	139	353	616	872
HISPANIC	45	79	34	98
ISLANDER	0	0	0	0
MULTI-RACE	16	52	98	65
NATIVE	1	6	2	12
WHITE NH	341	910	1,805	2,548
TOTAL	555	1,429	2,604	3,653

# HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY RACE/ETHNICITY & FOREIGN BORN STATUS



# Household Income of the Foreign Born Population



#### **ISSUES FOR CONSIDERATION**

The variation of household income among the racial, ethnic and foreign-born populations impacts the culture that each group develops. Economic differences among the foreign-born population may be seen in the bar chart above. The table below distributes the racial & ethnic population among several income bands. As you review this information you may want to consider:

- 1. What income levels are reflected among the foreign-born population in the zip code?
- 2. Which racial/ethnic groups have significant population among the low income and lower middle income bands?
- 3. Reflect on the ministries in your area -- how effective are they in reaching the low income and the high income groups?

Household Income	ASIAN	BLACK	HISPANIC	ISLANDER	MULTI- RACE	NATIVE	WHITE NH
\$1 to \$14,999	19	36	0	0	37	0	102
\$15,000 to \$24,999	0	15	0	0	0	6	151
\$25,000 to \$34,999	0	58	26	0	0	3	169
\$35,000 to \$49,999	12	108	8	0	7	1	254
\$50,000 to \$59,999	0	103	6	0	23	4	270
\$60,000 to \$74,999	8	139	2	0	1	0	400
\$75,000 to \$99,999	10	133	21	0	10	0	585
\$100,000 to \$124,999	0	207	0	0	0	0	521
\$125,000 or more	7	193	38	0	30	4	818

# RECENT & ANCESTRAL COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN FOR THE NATIVE AND FOREIGN BORN POPULATION

# TOP FOREIGN BORN COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN

# TOP NATIVE ANCESTRIES OF ORIGIN

Rank		untry of Origin oreign Born)	Population	Rank	A	ncestry of Origin (Native Born)	Population
1		Mexico	163	1		Other groups	5,342
2		Korea	59	2		German	1,690
3	X	Jamaica	46	3	+	English	1,369
4		Germany	32	4		American	1,159
5		Japan	21	5		Irish	967
6		United Kingdom, excluding England	18	6		Italian	396
		and Scotland		7		French (except Basque)	324
7	•	India	17	0		• ,	004
8	+	England	16	8		Polish	221
		China, excluding		9	X	Scottish	199
9	*[:	Hong Kong and Taiwan	15	10	*	Scotch-Irish	193
10	(a)	Guatemala	13				

#### **ISSUES FOR CONSIDERATION**

Above are two lists that present information on the origins of the population in the zip code. The list on the left lists the top countries of origin among the foreign born population. The list on the right lists the top ancestral countries of origin for the native population. Predominant countries of origin may indicate the cultural heritage that continues to shape the cultural values, cultural practices and spiritual issues among the population. As you review these two lists you may want to consider:

- 1. What are dominant countries of origin for the foreign-born and the native-born? Are they from the same world region or do they differ greatly? How does this similarity or difference affect the development of culturally-appropriate ministries?
- 2. What are the top countries of origin for the foreign-born? Do these share the same language or are they different?
- 3. As you reflect on ministries in the area that are ministering to the foreign-born groups, how effective are they? Are there some groups that are underserved or underreached?

# TOP NON-ENGLISH LANGUAGES SPOKEN

#### ISSUES FOR CONSIDERATION

Below is a table that lists the top non-English languages that are spoken in the zip code and how well these groups speak English. The census data on language spoken at home were derived from questions that indicated whether the household sometimes or always spoke a language other then English at home. In households where one or more people spoke a language other than English, the household language assigned to all household members was the non-English language spoken by the householder, parent or other adult with a non-English language. Government agencies use information on language spoken at home for their programs that serve the needs of the foreign-born and specifically those who have difficulty with English.

Language spoken at home appears to indicate the primary "first" language of the family. Missiologists (ministry people who study the mission of the church) view this language as the "heart language" of the people group. "Heart language" refers to the language that a person is born hearing and first learns to speak. This is the language with which the person is most comfortable and at ease. Missionaries should always attempt to communicate Biblical truths in the heart language of the people being reached. As you consider the following table, you may want to consider:

- 1. How well do each of the groups speak English? Is there a need for teaching English as a Second Language?
- 2. Are there existing ministries reaching each of the language groups represented in the area?



Language	Speak Other Lang: English Not Well	Speak Other Lang: English Well	Population
Spanish or Spanish Creole	88	306	394
German	5	52	57
Korean	20	20	40
French (incl. Patois, Cajun)	12	23	35
Other Indic languages	0	18	18
Tagalog	0	16	16
Vietnamese	6	7	13
Gujarati	0	12	12
Thai	10	0	10
Italian	8	0	8
Laotian	0	6	6
Serbo-Croatian	0	6	6

# **Ethnoscape Zipcode Profile for 35757 (Madison, AL)**

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# **Intercultural Institute for Contextual Ministry**

- Dr. Curt Watke, PhD, Executive Director & Director for Missional Research & Training
- Dr. Rodney Webb, DMin, Associate Director for Contextual Ministries
- Dr. Eduardo Docampo, DMin, Associate Director for Intercultural Ministries