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# MISSION POINTS

## *Top Unreached Locations*



Top Mission Points in the  
Mesa Verde Baptist Association, Colorado



## Understanding Your Mission Point Report

The purpose of the Mission Point Report is to provide direction for pinpointing locations where missional activity is greatly needed. “Missional activity” may be defined as incarnational mission that leads to the reaching of new believers and the starting of new ministries and new congregations.

The Mission Point Report identifies the top unreached locations within the chosen geographical area. To arrive at this designation, a number of data sources have been used and cross-tabulated in order to make this determination. These locations are chosen based on the following factors within the site location:

1. A weighting algorithm that includes the following variables: number of households, percent of active evangelical presence, percent of unreached, and percent of religious - but not evangelical.
2. Ring size based on the IICM SITESCAPE location type: city (generally inner city or high density area) - 1/2 mile ring; suburb - 1 1/2 mile ring; towns - 3 mile ring; and country - 7 mile ring.
3. Distance from other chosen locations based on the IICM SITESCAPE density location type: city – 1-2 miles; suburb - 3- 4 miles; town – 6-8 miles, and country – 14-16 miles.

Each Mission Point report identifies each location by census tract centroid, latitude & longitude, city, county, IICM SITESCAPE category and group, density and population patterns, number of households (current year), and the number of households and percentage for: active evangelicals, unreached status, religious but not evangelical, spiritual but not evangelical, and not evangelical and not interested in religion or spirituality. A map of each location is also provided.

The community type and county type section provides an overview of the social environment of the location. Six types of communities are identified with the percentage given for the site location. These communities may provide the basis for developing missional learning clusters. Six types of counties are identified with a true/false designation for the site location.

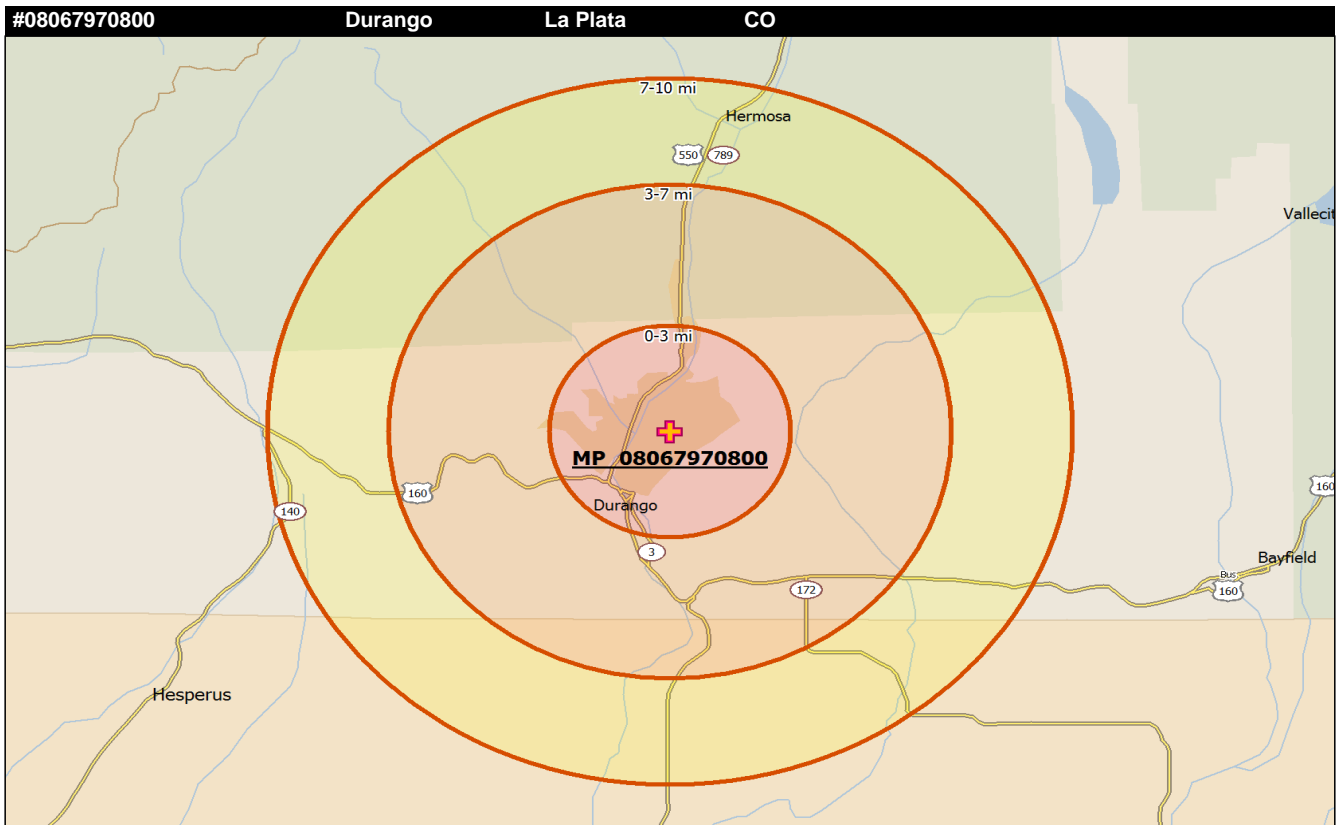
The diversity index section highlights the five measures of how each mission site compares with other sites around the country. On a scale of 0-100, the mission site is ranked in terms of language, ancestry, foreign born, racial and a composite index. The population density of the location is also compared to the rest of the country as well.

After the information pages you will find some notes to help interpret the information.

God bless your missional endeavors!

*Curt Watke, Ph.D.*

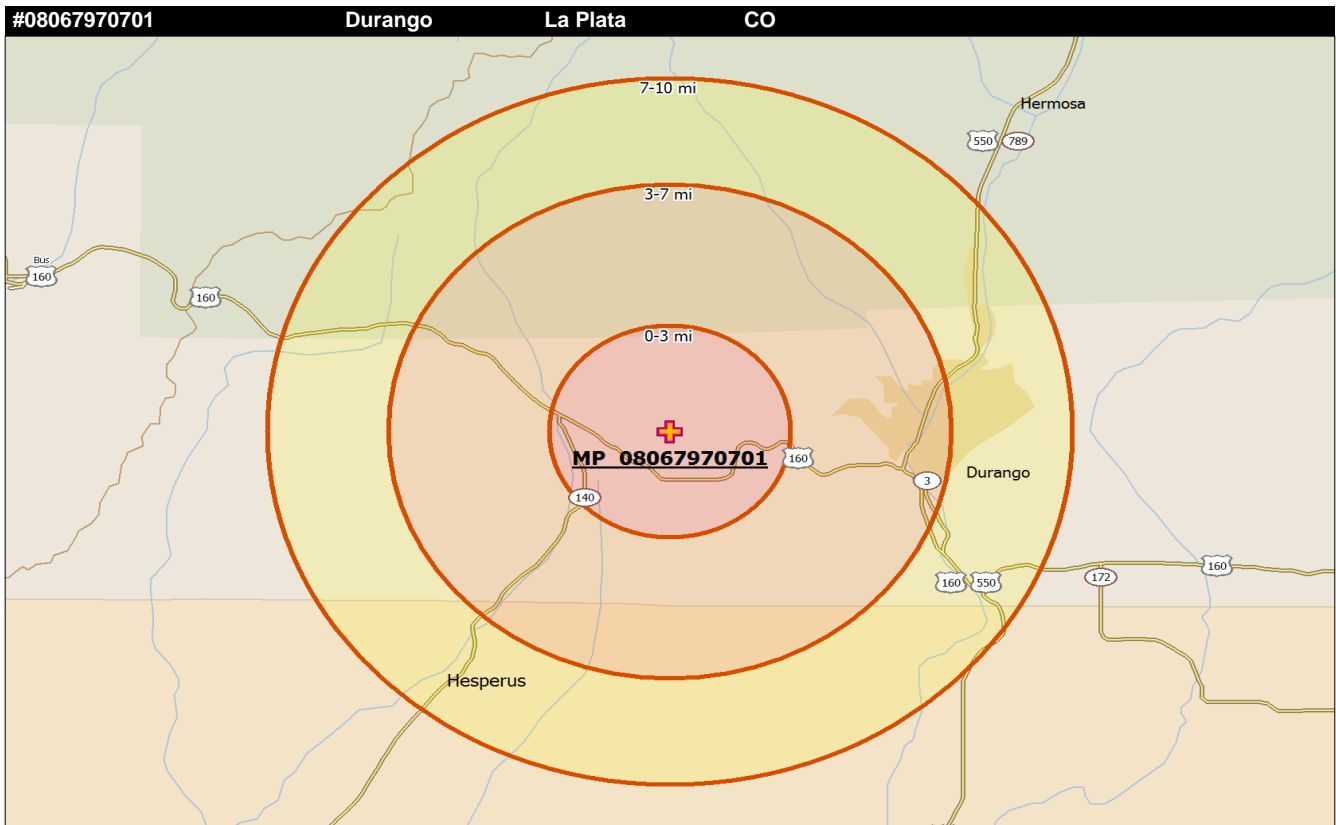
Executive Director



1 LOCATION RANK IN REGIONAL SITESCAPE		3 MILE RING SPIRITUALITY STATUS	
Census Tract	#08067970800	Total Households in 3 mi Ring	7,471
CT Centroid Latitude	37.28913	Active Evangelical HHLDS	398
CT Centroid Longitude	-107.85697	Active Evangelical PERCENT	5.33%
City Location	Durango	Unreached HHLDS	5,354
County Location	La Plata	Unreached Percent	71.67%
Sitescape Category code	2	Religious but NOT Evang HHLDS	1,072
Sitescape Group code	2.2	Religious but NOT Evang PERCENT	14.35%
Sitescape Category	Townscape	Spiritual but Not Religious or Evang HHLDS	1,019
Sitescape Group	Medium Towns	Spiritual but Not Religious PERCENT	13.64%
Density Assignment	K	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested HHLDS	3,263
Population Pattern	50000-10000-10000	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested PERCENT	43.68%

3 MILE RING COMMUNITY TYPES		3 MILE RING COUNTY TYPES	
Upscale Community	40.54%	Low Education County	False
Mainstay Community	14.55%	Low Employment County	False
Working Community	11.08%	Persistent Poverty County	False
Country Community	1.91%	Population Loss County	False
Aspiring Community	20.04%	Nonmetro Recreation County	True
Urban Community	11.87%	Retirement Destination County	False

3 MILE RING DIVERSITY INDEX (Least 0-Most 100)			
Language Diversity Index	56.91	Racial Diversity Index	38.10
Ancestry Diversity Index	89.78	Diversity Composite Index	53.43
Foreign Born Diversity Index	32.64	Population Density Index	28.08



2 LOCATION RANK IN REGIONAL SITESCAPE		3 MILE RING SPIRITUALITY STATUS	
Census Tract	#08067970701	Total Households in 3 mi Ring	1,222
CT Centroid Latitude	37.28379	Active Evangelical HHLDS	74
CT Centroid Longitude	-107.98978	Active Evangelical PERCENT	6.05%
City Location	Durango	Unreached HHLDS	829
County Location	La Plata	Unreached Percent	67.83%
Sitescape Category code	2	Religious but NOT Evang HHLDS	184
Sitescape Group code	2.1	Religious but NOT Evang PERCENT	15.09%
Sitescape Category	Townscape	Spiritual but Not Religious or Evang HHLDS	147
Sitescape Group	Small Towns	Spiritual but Not Religious PERCENT	12.03%
Density Assignment	M	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested HHLDS	497
Population Pattern	10000-50000-10000	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested PERCENT	40.7%

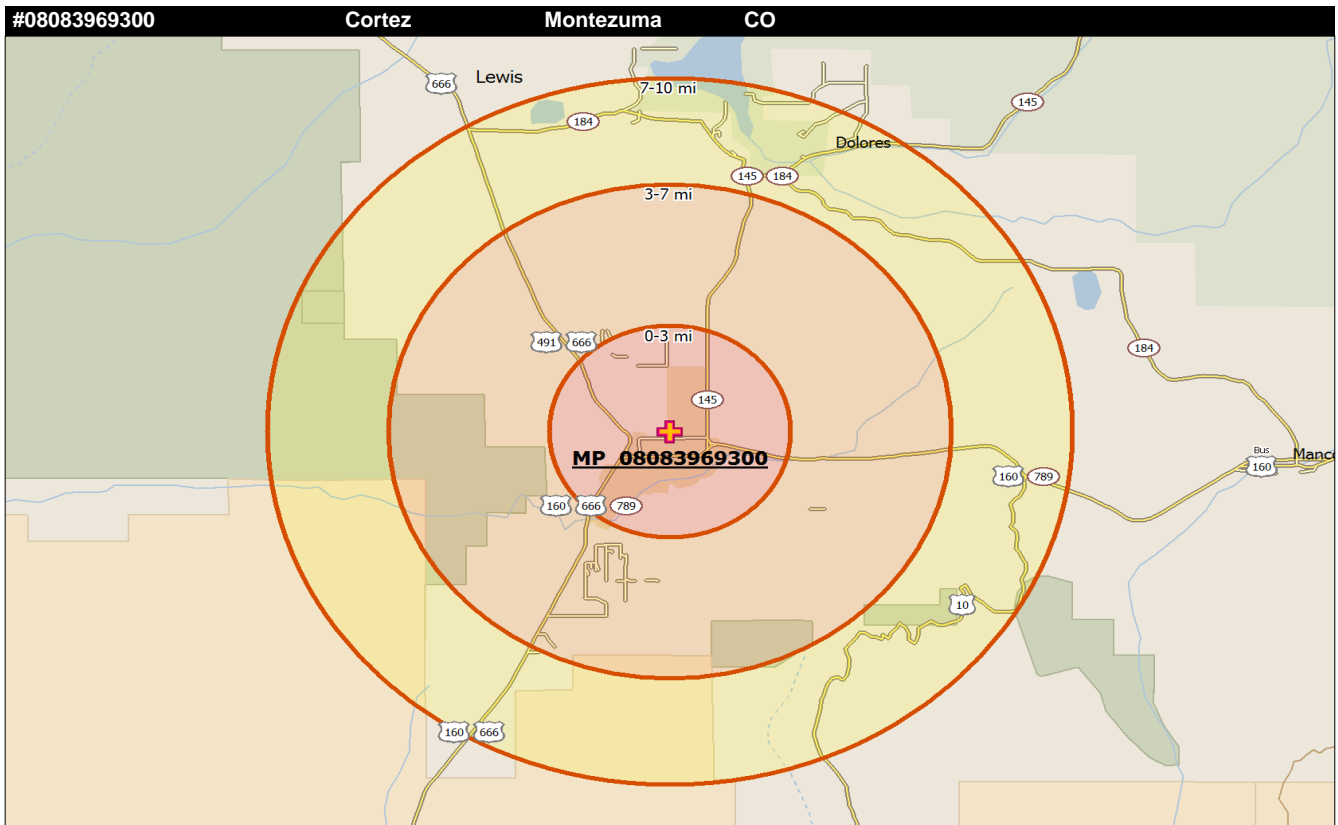
3 MILE RING COMMUNITY TYPES		3 MILE RING COUNTY TYPES	
Upscale Community	66.12%	Low Education County	False
Mainstay Community	29.05%	Low Employment County	False
Working Community	0.49%	Persistent Poverty County	False
Country Community	0.9%	Population Loss County	False
Aspiring Community	3.44%	Nonmetro Recreation County	True
Urban Community	0%	Retirement Destination County	False

3 MILE RING DIVERSITY INDEX (Least 0-Most 100)			
Language Diversity Index	16.22	Racial Diversity Index	19.26
Ancestry Diversity Index	94.39	Diversity Composite Index	45.83
Foreign Born Diversity Index	42.58	Population Density Index	10.46

Data Sources: IICM SITESCAPE; Simmons Market Research Bureau, ScanUS

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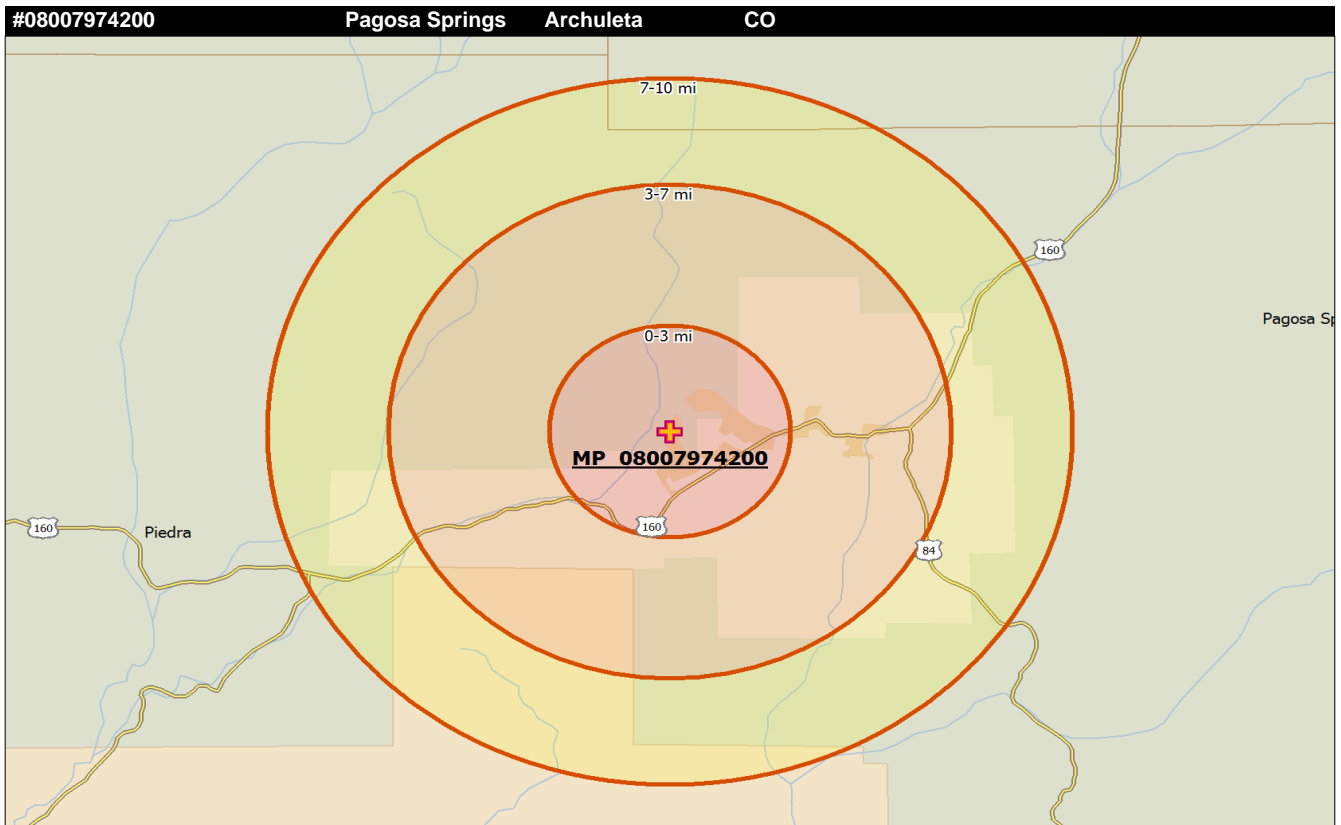
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3 LOCATION RANK IN REGIONAL SITESCAPE		3 MILE RING SPIRITUALITY STATUS	
Census Tract	#08083969300	Total Households in 3 mi Ring	3,907
CT Centroid Latitude	37.35898	Active Evangelical HHLDS	339
CT Centroid Longitude	-108.57142	Active Evangelical PERCENT	8.69%
City Location	Cortez	Unreached HHLDS	2,556
County Location	Montezuma	Unreached Percent	65.42%
Sitescape Category code	2	Religious but NOT Evang HHLDS	514
Sitescape Group code	2.1	Religious but NOT Evang PERCENT	13.16%
Sitescape Category	Townscape	Spiritual but Not Religious or Evang HHLDS	491
Sitescape Group	Small Towns	Spiritual but Not Religious PERCENT	12.56%
Density Assignment	K	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested HHLDS	1,552
Population Pattern	10000-10000-2500	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested PERCENT	39.73%

3 MILE RING COMMUNITY TYPES		3 MILE RING COUNTY TYPES	
Upscale Community	7.83%	Low Education County	False
Mainstay Community	16.64%	Low Employment County	False
Working Community	53.52%	Persistent Poverty County	False
Country Community	10.95%	Population Loss County	False
Aspiring Community	0.72%	Nonmetro Recreation County	True
Urban Community	10.39%	Retirement Destination County	True

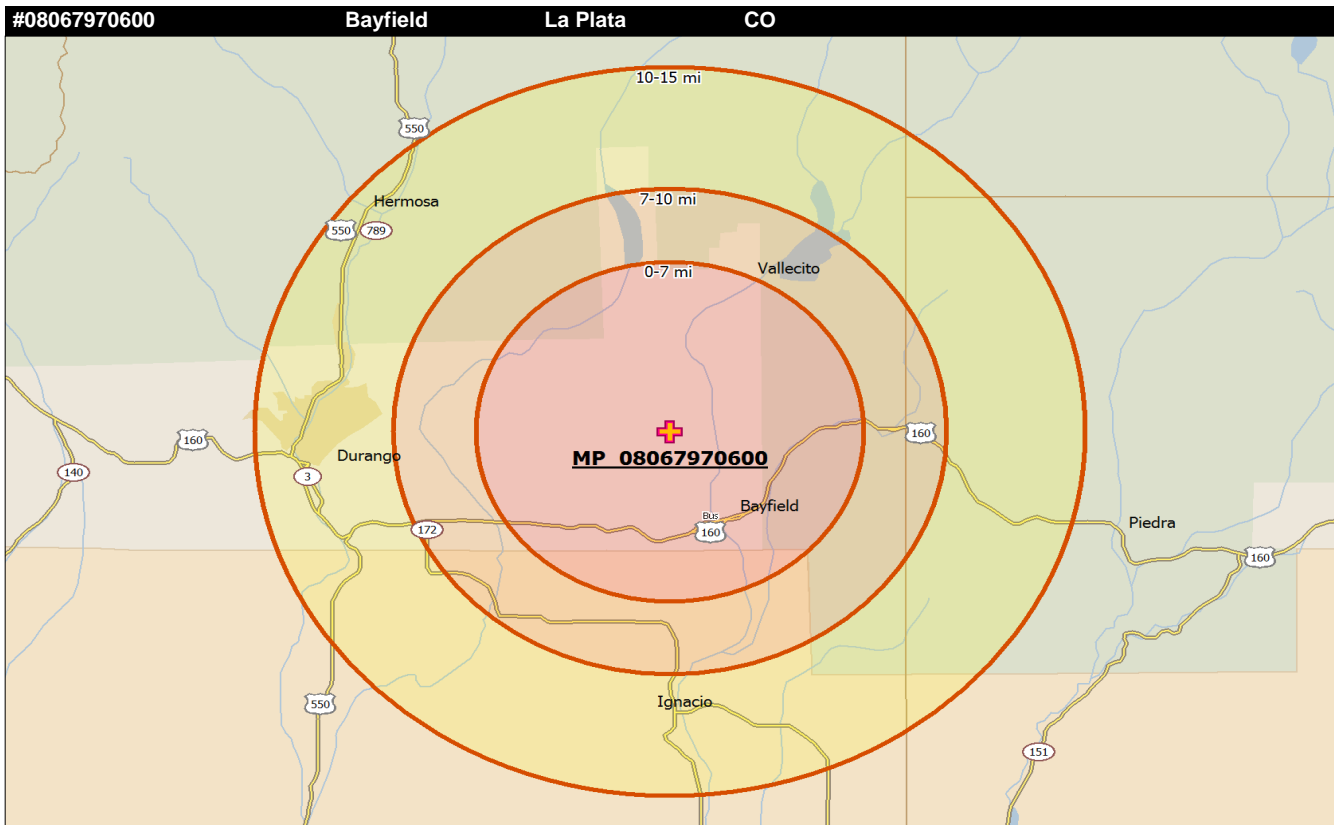
3 MILE RING DIVERSITY INDEX (Least 0-Most 100)			
Language Diversity Index	69.16	Racial Diversity Index	44.64
Ancestry Diversity Index	54.51	Diversity Composite Index	29.19
Foreign Born Diversity Index	25.44	Population Density Index	20.98



4 LOCATION RANK IN REGIONAL SITESCAPE		3 MILE RING SPIRITUALITY STATUS	
Census Tract	#08007974200	Total Households in 3 mi Ring	2,218
CT Centroid Latitude	37.26842	Active Evangelical HHLDS	162
CT Centroid Longitude	-107.10072	Active Evangelical PERCENT	7.32%
City Location	Pagosa Springs	Unreached HHLDS	1,478
County Location	Archuleta	Unreached Percent	66.63%
Sitescape Category code	2	Religious but NOT Evang HHLDS	303
Sitescape Group code	2.1	Religious but NOT Evang PERCENT	13.66%
Sitescape Category	Townscape	Spiritual but Not Religious or Evang HHLDS	283
Sitescape Group	Small Towns	Spiritual but Not Religious PERCENT	12.77%
Density Assignment	I3	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested HHLDS	891
Population Pattern	10000-2500-10000	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested PERCENT	40.19%

3 MILE RING COMMUNITY TYPES		3 MILE RING COUNTY TYPES	
Upscale Community	19.03%	Low Education County	False
Mainstay Community	28.99%	Low Employment County	False
Working Community	10.78%	Persistent Poverty County	False
Country Community	23.58%	Population Loss County	False
Aspiring Community	12.89%	Nonmetro Recreation County	True
Urban Community	4.73%	Retirement Destination County	True

3 MILE RING DIVERSITY INDEX (Least 0-Most 100)			
Language Diversity Index	49.66	Racial Diversity Index	31.51
Ancestry Diversity Index	72.49	Diversity Composite Index	36.63
Foreign Born Diversity Index	24.44	Population Density Index	18.28

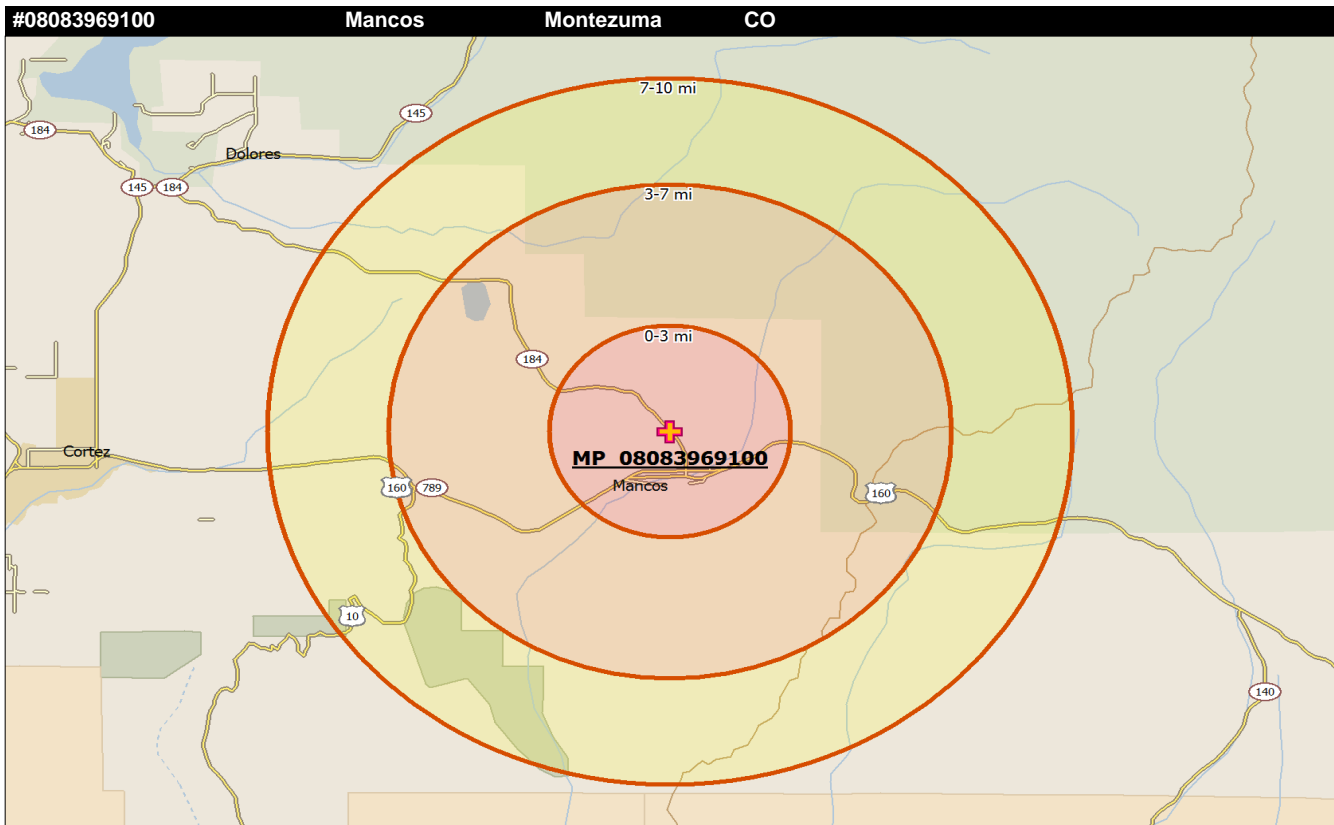


5 LOCATION RANK IN REGIONAL SITESCAPE		3 MILE RING SPIRITUALITY STATUS	
Census Tract	#08067970600	Total Households in 3 mi Ring	893
CT Centroid Latitude	37.28294	Active Evangelical HHLDS	56
CT Centroid Longitude	-107.63646	Active Evangelical PERCENT	6.27%
City Location	Bayfield	Unreached HHLDS	594
County Location	La Plata	Unreached Percent	66.53%
Sitescape Category code	1	Religious but NOT Evang HHLDS	118
Sitescape Group code	1.1	Religious but NOT Evang PERCENT	13.25%
Sitescape Category	Countryside	Spiritual but Not Religious or Evang HHLDS	116
Sitescape Group	Remote Areas	Spiritual but Not Religious PERCENT	12.98%
Density Assignment	E1	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested HHLDS	360
Population Pattern	0-10000-10000	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested PERCENT	40.3%

3 MILE RING COMMUNITY TYPES		3 MILE RING COUNTY TYPES	
Upscale Community	31.24%	Low Education County	False
Mainstay Community	44.23%	Low Employment County	False
Working Community	7.5%	Persistent Poverty County	False
Country Community	15.9%	Population Loss County	False
Aspiring Community	1.01%	Nonmetro Recreation County	True
Urban Community	0%	Retirement Destination County	False

3 MILE RING DIVERSITY INDEX (Least 0-Most 100)			
Language Diversity Index	0.00	Racial Diversity Index	0.00
Ancestry Diversity Index	0.00	Diversity Composite Index	16.80
Foreign Born Diversity Index	0.00	Population Density Index	0.00



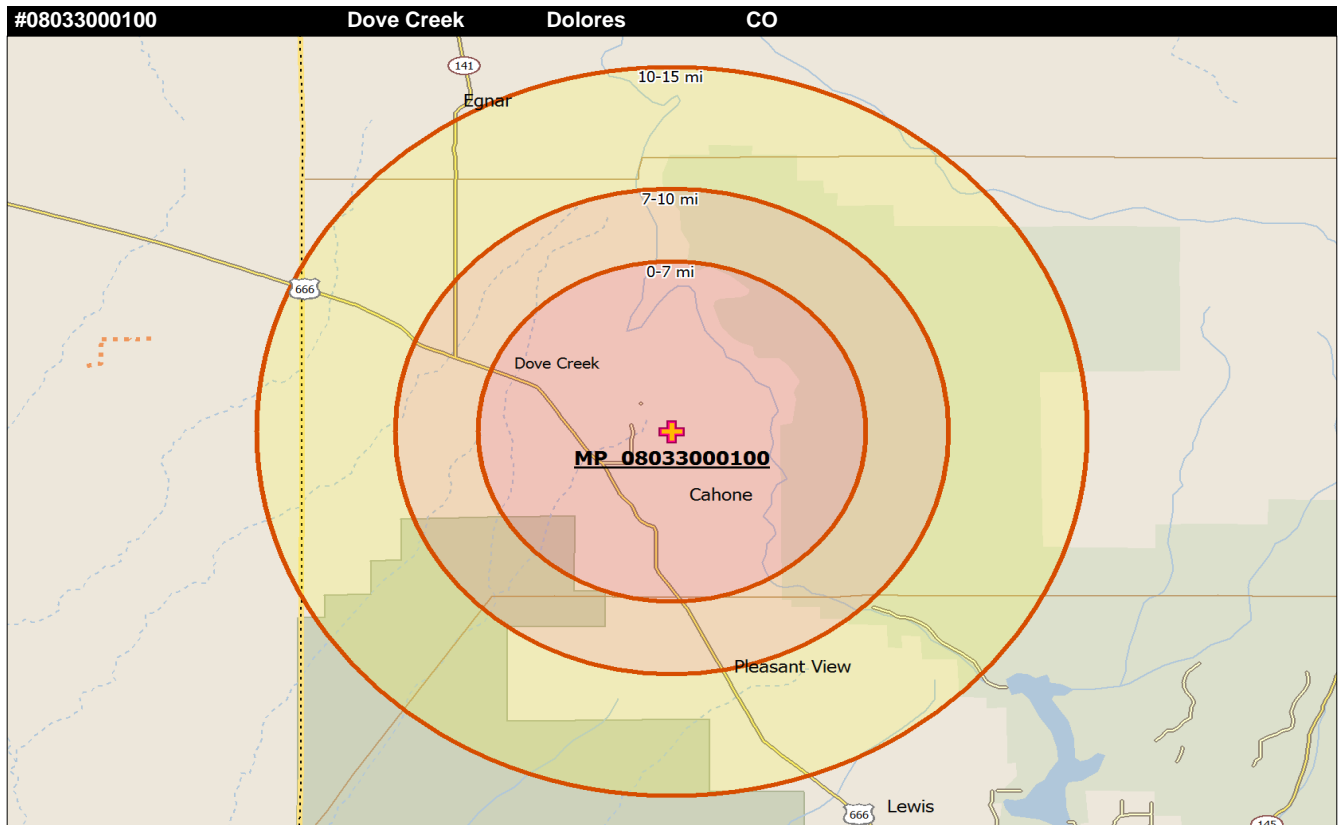


6 LOCATION RANK IN REGIONAL SITESCAPE		3 MILE RING SPIRITUALITY STATUS	
Census Tract	#08083969100	Total Households in 3 mi Ring	875
CT Centroid Latitude	37.36354	Active Evangelical HHLDS	78
CT Centroid Longitude	-108.29616	Active Evangelical PERCENT	8.93%
City Location	Mancos	Unreached HHLDS	563
County Location	Montezuma	Unreached Percent	64.4%
Sitescape Category code	2	Religious but NOT Evang HHLDS	87
Sitescape Group code	2.1	Religious but NOT Evang PERCENT	9.98%
Sitescape Category	Townscape	Spiritual but Not Religious or Evang HHLDS	132
Sitescape Group	Small Towns	Spiritual but Not Religious PERCENT	15.11%
Density Assignment	J	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested HHLDS	344
Population Pattern	10000-0-0	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested PERCENT	39.33%

3 MILE RING COMMUNITY TYPES		3 MILE RING COUNTY TYPES	
Upscale Community	1.71%	Low Education County	False
Mainstay Community	6.51%	Low Employment County	False
Working Community	1.83%	Persistent Poverty County	False
Country Community	72.34%	Population Loss County	False
Aspiring Community	2.74%	Nonmetro Recreation County	True
Urban Community	14.86%	Retirement Destination County	True

3 MILE RING DIVERSITY INDEX (Least 0-Most 100)			
Language Diversity Index	47.04	Racial Diversity Index	23.60
Ancestry Diversity Index	79.19	Diversity Composite Index	9.96
Foreign Born Diversity Index	42.59	Population Density Index	9.09





7 LOCATION RANK IN REGIONAL SITESCAPE		3 MILE RING SPIRITUALITY STATUS	
Census Tract	#08033000100	Total Households in 3 mi Ring	371
CT Centroid Latitude	37.73040	Active Evangelical HHLDS	38
CT Centroid Longitude	-108.79805	Active Evangelical PERCENT	10.35%
City Location	Dove Creek	Unreached HHLDS	219
County Location	Dolores	Unreached Percent	58.99%
Sitescape Category code	1	Religious but NOT Evang HHLDS	25
Sitescape Group code	1.1	Religious but NOT Evang PERCENT	6.83%
Sitescape Category	Countryside	Spiritual but Not Religious or Evang HHLDS	57
Sitescape Group	Remote Areas	Spiritual but Not Religious PERCENT	15.33%
Density Assignment	E2	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested HHLDS	137
Population Pattern	0-2500-0	NOT Evangelical NOT Interested PERCENT	36.83%

3 MILE RING COMMUNITY TYPES		3 MILE RING COUNTY TYPES	
Upscale Community	0%	Low Education County	False
Mainstay Community	3.77%	Low Employment County	False
Working Community	1.35%	Persistent Poverty County	False
Country Community	0.54%	Population Loss County	False
Aspiring Community	0%	Nonmetro Recreation County	True
Urban Community	94.61%	Retirement Destination County	True

3 MILE RING DIVERSITY INDEX (Least 0-Most 100)			
Language Diversity Index	0.00	Racial Diversity Index	0.00
Ancestry Diversity Index	0.00	Diversity Composite Index	5.18
Foreign Born Diversity Index	0.00	Population Density Index	0.00

## Interpreting Your Mission Point Report

Your Mission Point Report has a number of key factors about the 3 mile ring around the census tract centroid that is referenced. These notes review these factors.

### 1. Census Tract

Each location is based upon a 3 mile ring study around the center of one of the 65,370 census tracts in the United States. For more information about a census tract please consult the US Census Bureau website or you can read the short article on census tracts at Wikipedia.

### 2. Latitude and Longitude

The latitude and longitude of the center of the census tract is provided for GPS purposes.

### 3. City Location

The City Location refers to the Census Place that is associated with the census tract location.

### 4. County Location

The County Location refers to the County in which the census tract is located.

### 5. SITESCAPE Category and SITESCAPE Category Code

The SITESCAPE Category refers to a typology that was created by IICM based on a number of factors in order to differentiate between types of rural, town, suburb, and city locations. The SITESCAPE Categories have been used in academic studies as an indexing tool to compare similar contexts.

### 6. SITESCAPE Group and SITESCAPE Group Code

The SITESCAPE Group label and code refers to divisions within the broader countryside, townscape, suburbscape and cityscape types.

### 7. Density Pattern

The SITESCAPE measures the population density for the 0-3 mile band, 3-7 mile band, and 7-10 mile band around a census tract centroid (center). The relationship between the density of these three bands produces 17 different density patterns. These density patterns may be grouped into one of three groups: increasing, decreasing, and constant variance. But who cares? Why is this important? It is significant because density patterns provide a glimpse into the type of location that is being evaluated.

There are three types of density patterns: Increasing, Decreasing and Constant. The density pattern when combined with the population pattern will enable you to get a feel for the type of community dynamics that are likely to be occurring within the location.

**Increasing Density Patterns**

Locations with increasing patterns are typically located at the outer fringe of more highly urbanized areas. In many cases these are suburban areas (with less density) that are outside more dense areas (like inner city areas). There are 5 types of Increasing Density patterns (see the page 10):

- A - Increasing Density at a Greater Rate
- B - Increasing Density at a Similar Rate
- C - Increasing Density at a Lesser Rate
- D - Increased followed by Density Leveling Off
- E - Increased followed by Decreased Density

**Constant Density Patterns**

Locations with a constant variance are located within a similar pattern that dominates the ten mile ring. Thus, the degree of density in these situations may give some indication of the geographical extent of similar contexts. There are 3 types of Constant Density patterns

- F - No Change followed by Increased Density
- G - No Change remaining Constant Density Level
- H - No Change followed by Decreased Density

**Decreasing Density Patterns**

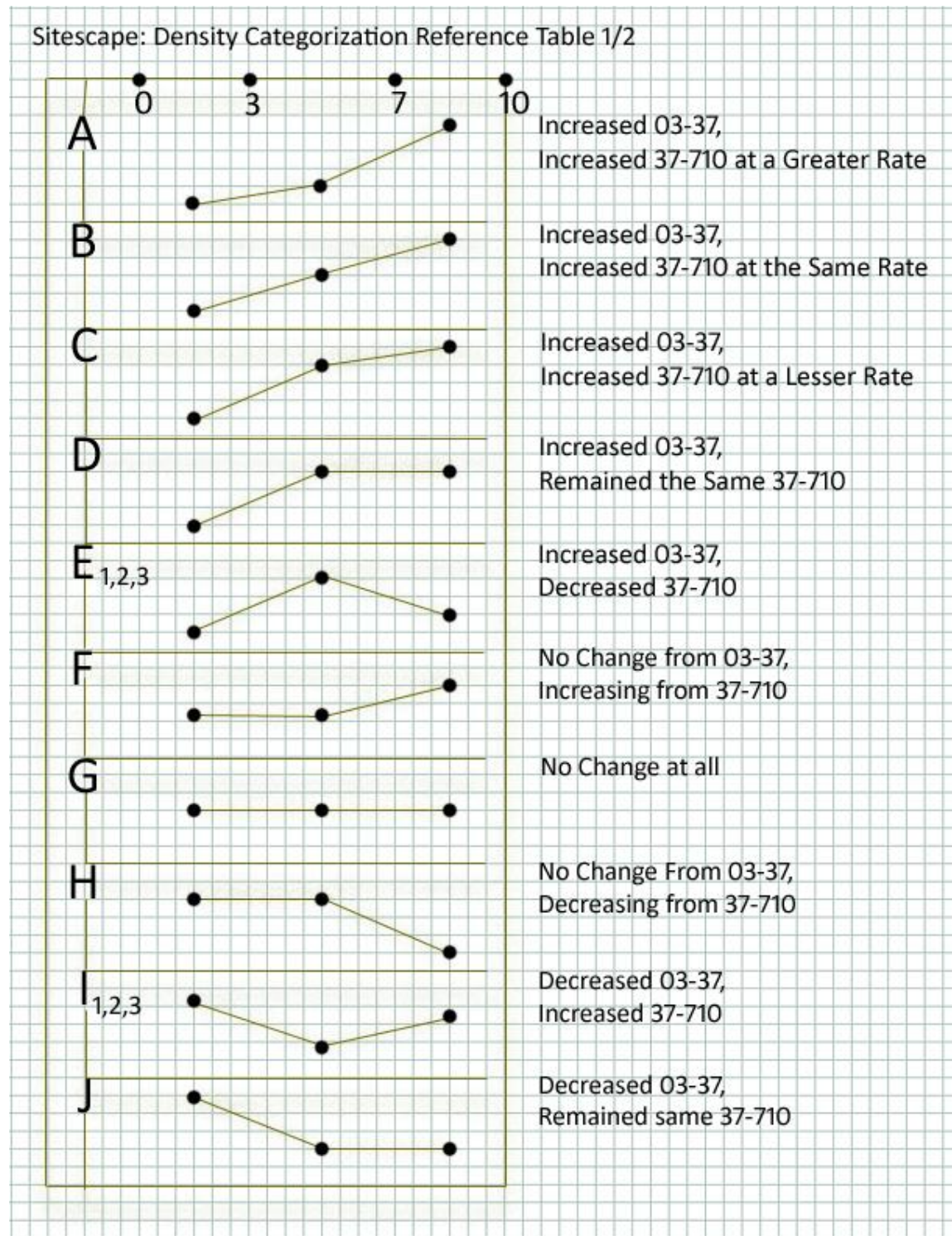
Locations with decreasing patterns are typically more urbanized than those areas nearby. This may mean that commuting may tend to flow inward to this type of location. There are 5 types Decreasing Density patterns:

- I - Decreased Density followed by Density Increase
- J - Decreased Density followed by Density Leveling Off
- K - Decreasing Density at a Lesser Rate
- L - Decreasing Density at a Similar Rate
- M - Decreasing Density at a Greater Rate

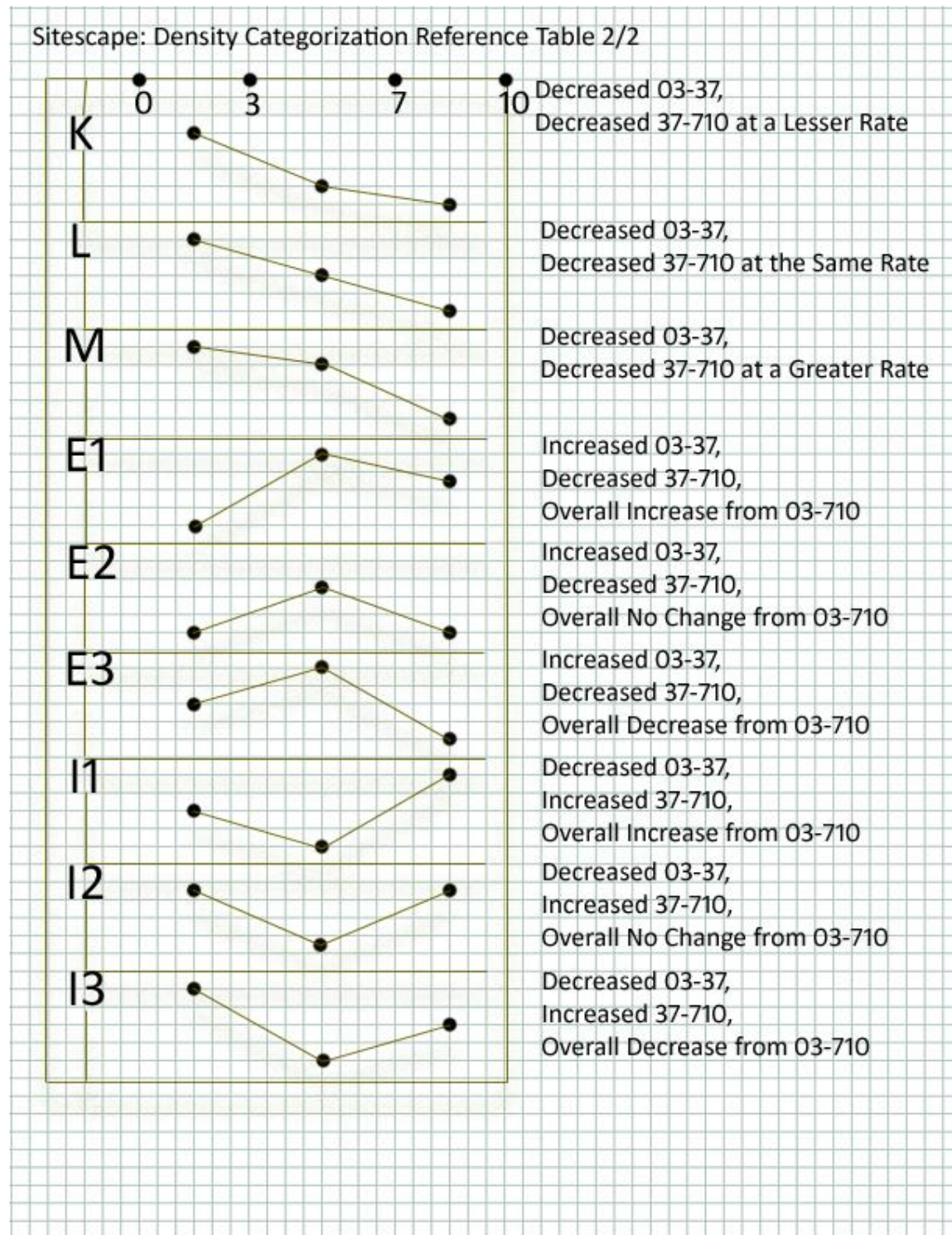
**8. Population Pattern**

The population pattern refers to the number of households within the 0-3 mile band, the 3-7 mile band, and the 7-10 mile band. For example, in the Population Pattern #100000-250000-100000", the first number represents the 0-3 mile band; the second number represents the 3-7 mile band, and the third number represents the 7-10 mile band.

- 100000 -- means that the population within the 0-3 mile band is between 50000 and 100000
- 250000 -- means that the population within the 3-7 mile band is between 100000 and 250000
- 100000 -- means that the population within the 7-10 mile band is between 50000 and 100000







## 9. Using Density and Population Patterns

Example: #1 rank in Osecola, FL has the Density Pattern: K and the Population Pattern: #100000-250000-100000. The density pattern, K, is "Decreasing Density at a Lesser Rate".

### Interpreting the Population Pattern in light of the Density Pattern

When the Population Pattern is interpreted in light of the density pattern "K", then, one will note the following:

1. While the population is greatest in the 3-7 mile band, it is much more dispersed across the landscape, with a significant less amount of density.
2. While the population in the 7-10 mile band is much less than the 3-7 mile band, its density continues to decrease compared to either of the first two bands.

### What Does This Mean in Practical Terms?

1. The 0-3 mile band is much more concentrated in density -- which could mean:
  - greater sense of community and location identity among the population
  - probably a greater need for a larger number of smaller congregations -- meeting needs of diverse groups within the more densely populated area -- maybe servicing groups of about 135-150 in max attendance -- this depends on the degree of diversity within the concentrated band
2. The 3-7 mile band, while having a greater amount of population is more dispersed -- which could mean:
  - probably more "suburban-like" and commuter oriented
  - which means a more "regional" approach to church planting may be justified
3. The 7-10 mile band, with less population and less density may indicate a more "fringe type" location
  - which means one should explore the type of lifestyle segments in this area -- are they more "rural-oriented" pointing back to populations who have been there for generations OR are they more "exurbanites" -- affluent yuppies fleeing the urban areas building upscale enclaves -- either direction represents a unique church planting environment

## 10. Total Households in 0-3mi Band

This gives the total number of households in the 0-3 mile ring around the center of the census tract location.

## 11. Active Evangelical HHLDS and PERCENT

The *Active Evangelical Presence* refers to the number of households that we would expect to be in attendance in an evangelical church on an average Sunday in the location. This information is based upon the evangelical attendance patterns by county compiled by Dave Olson of the AmericanChurch.org that has been cross-referenced against a number of other datasets. The HHLDS count gives the number of households and the PERCENT gives the percentage of active evangelicals.

## 12. Unreached HHLDS and PERCENT

The *Unreached Status* refers to an estimate of the number of households in the 3 mile ring of the census tract centroid (center) that do not consider themselves to be evangelical Christian. An evangelical Christian is a person who professes to have accepted Jesus Christ as his or her personal Lord and Savior. This is based on a survey conducted by the Simmons Market Research Bureau.

### **13. Religious But Not Evangelical HHLDS and PERCENT**

The *Religious but not Evangelical* category refers to an estimate of the number of households in the 3 mile ring of the census tract centroid (center) that do not consider themselves to be an evangelical Christian but consider themselves to be a part of some established religion or religious institution. The "religious but not evangelical" person usually is committed to a non-evangelical Christian denomination or some other world religious or religious group.

### **14. Spiritual But Not Religious HHLDS and PERCENT**

The *Spiritual but not Religious* category refers to an estimate of the number of households in the 3 mile ring of the census tract centroid (center) that are interested in spirituality but are not interested in organized religion. This category includes alternative spiritualities and new age movements.

### **15. Not Evangelical Not Interested HHLDS and PERCENT**

The *Non-Evangelical and Not Interested* category refers to an estimate of the number of households in the 3 mile ring of the census tract centroid (center) that do not consider themselves to be an evangelical Christian and are not interested in spirituality or religion.

### **16. Upscale Community PERCENT**

The *Upscale Community* category refers to the percentage of households in the 3 mile ring that are considered affluent or upscale compared to the national average. These well-to-do households not only appear in suburbs, but also in small towns, on the metro fringe, and sometimes in urban environments.

### **17. Mainstay Community PERCENT**

The *Mainstay* (meaning: pillar, bulwark, anchor) Community category refers to the percentage of households in the 3 mile ring that are established families primarily in secondary cities and small and medium-sized towns. Typically these households are the older, stable families who often are the "pillars" of smaller communities.

### **18. Working Community PERCENT**

The *Working Community* refers to the percentage of households in the 3 mile ring whose adults work in blue-collar occupations. Typically these household workers are members of the working class who typically performs manual labor and earns an hourly wage.

### **19. Country Community PERCENT**

The *County Community* refers to the percentage of households in the 3 mile ring who live in large and isolated areas of an open country with low population density. Many of these work in agriculture or mining.

### **20. Aspiring Community PERCENT**

The *Aspiring Community* refers to the percentage of households in the 3 mile ring who typically are young, single, single parents, or childless couples; and typically living in multi-family housing. Some are students but most are employed. Included in this community are group-quarters such as: college dormitories, military housing, and prison facilities.



## 21. Urban Community PERCENT

The *Urban Community* refers to the percentage of households in the 3 mile ring who live in high population density areas. The Census Bureau defines any area with 2500 population or more as “urbanized.” Urban Communities appear in the downtown and inner city areas of towns, cities, and metropolitan areas. It is not unusual for a densely populated area of a small town to be considered “an urban community.” What they have in common is density of population and “town” or “city” living.

## 22. Low Education County TYPE

*Low-education counties* are those counties where at least one of every four adults age 25-64 has not completed high school. About 20% of the counties in the United States have been classified in this category with more than 90% of these appearing in the non-metro Southern region with historically large shares of Blacks and Hispanics. Similarly, low-education counties in the Western region are concentrated in areas with large ethnic minority populations, such as California’s Central Valley and portions of Arizona and New Mexico.

## 23. Low Employment County TYPE

*Low-employment counties* are those counties where employment rates are below 65%. Mostly rural, these counties have minimal capacity for generating jobs. These counties are found primarily in southern Appalachia, the Mississippi Delta, and other predominately Black areas in the Southern region of the US; in Indian and Hispanic areas of the Southwest region; and the timber and agricultural areas of the Northwest region.

## 24. Persistent Poverty County TYPE

Counties are *persistently poor* if 20 percent or more of their populations were living in poverty over the last 30 years. Although large numbers of the poor live in major metropolitan areas, poverty rates have been consistently higher in rural areas since the 1960s, and these counties are not evenly distributed across the United States. A large number of these counties are in the Southern region of the United States.

## 25. Population Loss County TYPE

*Population loss counties* are those counties that have lost population over the last 30 years. Typically population loss signals weak economic conditions. These rural and small town communities often suffer out-migration due to loss of farm-related jobs resulting from technological advances in agriculture. Clusters of population loss counties may be found in the Great Plains (particularly North Dakota), the lower Mississippi Valley, and central Appalachia.

## 26. Nonmetro Recreation County TYPE

*Nonmetropolitan recreation counties* are those counties that have a major dependence on recreational activity. This dependence is measured based upon the percentage of employment, the annual earnings, and percentage of housing units that are tied to recreational use. About 14% of US counties have been designated as Nonmetro Recreation Counties. These counties are particularly common in the Great Lakes States, the Mountain West, and upland areas of the Northeast region.

## 27. Retirement Destination County TYPE

*Retirement destination counties* are those counties where the number of residents age 60 and older grew by 15 percent or more over the last 30 years due to in-migration. The majority of these counties are nonmetro counties where retirees are moving to small town and rural communities.

## 28. Language Diversity INDEX

*Language Diversity* of a three mile ring around the center of the Census Tract on a percentile scale compared with all other Census Tracts' rings in the US. The most diverse location is that which has the *most number of languages* represented within the three mile ring.

## 29. Ancestry Diversity INDEX

*Ancestry Diversity* of a three mile ring around the center of the Census Tract on a percentile scale compared with all other Census Tracts' rings in the US. The most diverse location is that which has the *most number of ancestries* represented within the three mile ring.

## 30. Foreign Born Diversity INDEX

*Foreign Born Diversity* of a three mile ring around the center of the Census Tract on a percentile scale compared with all other Census Tracts' rings in the US. The most diverse location is that which has the *largest number of countries of origin represented among the foreign born population* within the three mile ring.

## 31. Racial Diversity INDEX

*Racial Diversity* of a three mile ring around the center of the Census Tract on a percentile scale compared with all other Census Tracts' rings in the US. The most diverse location is that which has the *most even balance between a large number of races* represented within the three mile ring.

## 32. Diversity Composite INDEX

*Diversity Composite* of a three mile ring around the center of the Census Tract on a percentile scale compared with all other Census Tracts' rings in the US. The Diversity Composite Index weights the language, ancestry, foreign born, and racial diversity indexes into an overall diversity score. This particular location is then compared to all other locations in the US.

## 33. Population Density INDEX

*Population Density* of a three mile ring around the Census Tract on a percentile scale compared with all other Census Tracts' bands in the US. Population Density refers to the amount of population per square mile within the three mile ring.



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